**Financial Statements** 

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

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WINKEL

#### ACCOUNTING AND ADVISORY SERVICES

#### Independent Auditor's Report

**To the Board of Directors World's Children** Corvallis, Oregon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of World's Children, which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2015, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, cash flows and functional expenses for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Richard Winkel, CPA PO Box 91637 Portland, OR 97291

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of World's Children as of December 31, 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Richard Windel, CPA

March 23, 2016

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

## December 31, 2015

	2015
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 464,388
Other assets	 1,653
Total current assets	466,041
Office equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	2,276
Investments	 280,831
Total assets	\$ 749,148
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 316
Accrued payroll	397
Accrued vacation	 6,464
Total current liabilities	 7,177
NET ASSETS	
Permanently restricted	232,831
Temporarily restricted	300,678
Unrestricted	 208,462
Total net assets	 741,971
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 749,148

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Un	restricted	Temporarily Restricted				2015 Total	
Revenues:								
Contributions	\$	225,159	\$	541,298	\$	2,000	\$	768,457
Other revenue		333		-		-		333
Interest and investment revenue		13,744		-		(4,608)		9,136
Net assets released from restriction		478,983		(478,983)				
Total revenues		718,219		62,315		(2,608)		777,926
Expenditures:								
Program services		634,756		-		-		634,756
General and administration		29,515		-		-		29,515
Fundraising		20,126	<u> </u>		-		20,126	
Total expenditures		684,397		-				684,397
Change in net assets		33,822		62,315		(2,608)		93,529
Net assets, beginning of year		174,640		238,363		235,439		648,442
Net assets, end of year	\$	208,462	\$	300,678	\$	232,831	\$	741,971

## STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2015							
	Program	Management		2015				
	Services	and General	Fundraising	Total				
Salaries and wages	\$ 84,853	\$ 20,431	\$ 13,225	\$ 118,509				
Payroll taxes and benefits	7,868	1,895	1,226	10,989				
Contract labor	3,670	90	58	3,818				
Program expenses	503,361	-	-	503,361				
Fundraising	-	-	1,024	1,024				
Professional services	1,446	348	225	2,019				
Occupancy	7,195	1,732	1,121	10,048				
Telephone	830	200	129	1,159				
Insurance	705	170	110	985				
Office supplies	3,690	889	575	5,154				
Postage and delivery	5,263	1,267	820	7,350				
Printing and stationery	3,776	909	589	5,274				
Bank services	4,844	1,166	755	6,765				
Dues and subscriptions	208	50	32	290				
Travel	6,443	222	143	6,809				
Depreciation	604	146	94	844				
Total expenses	\$ 634,756	\$ 29,515	\$ 20,126	\$ 684,397				

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from contributions	\$ 768,457
Cash received from other revenue sources	333
Cash received from interest revenue	13,744
Cash paid for expenditures	 (686,407)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 96,127
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Cash paid for investment	(50,000)
Cash paid for purchase of office equipment	 (585)
Net cash used in investing activities	 (50,585)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	45,542
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 418,846
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 464,388
The following presents a reconciliation of the decrease in net assets to net cash	
provided by (used in) operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2015	
	 2015
Change in net assets	\$ 93,529
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net	
cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	844
Unrealized loss	4,608
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Prepaid expense	(963)
Accounts payable	316
Accrued payroll	(4,016)
Accrued vacation	 1,809
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 96,127

#### NOTE A – ORGANIZATION

World's Children ("the Organization") is a nonprofit organization founded to provide humanitarian assistance to people living in poverty around the world. Because children are often helpless victims of poverty and disaster, World's Children focuses on helping orphans and vulnerable children. The Organization is funded through grants and contributions.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The financial statements of the Organization have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Section 958. ASC 958 is the standard for external financial reporting for not-for-profit organizations.

Net assets and revenues, expenses, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, the net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Unrestricted Net Assets are net assets not subject to donor-imposed stipulations.

*Temporarily Restricted Net Assets* are net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met either by actions of the Organization and/or the passage of time.

*Permanently Restricted Net Assets* are net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will not be met by actions of the Organization or the passage of time.

Revenue is reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law. Temporary restrictions expire when the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled and/or the donor-stipulated time period has elapsed. Expirations of temporary restrictions result in the reclassification of temporarily restricted net assets to unrestricted net assets and are reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restriction.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include accounts with financial institutions covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) of \$250,000. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Organization considers all short-term investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Contributions

Contributions are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted support, depending on the existence or nature of any donor restrictions. Donor restricted contributions are recorded as unrestricted if the restrictions are satisfied in the same reporting period in which the contributions are made. Contributions are recorded as increases in temporarily restricted net assets when the restrictions will be met in a future reporting period.

Contributions of property and equipment without donor stipulations concerning the use of such longlived assets are reported as unrestricted revenues. Contributions of services that create or enhance nonfinancial assets or require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded at their fair value in the period received.

#### Furnishings and Equipment

Furnishings and equipment are recorded at purchase cost. Acquisitions, renovations and repairs which increase the value of assets and have an estimated useful life in excess of one year are capitalized. All expenditures for repairs and maintenance which do not appreciably extend the useful life or increase the value of the assets are expensed in the period in which the cost is incurred. Contributed property is recorded at its fair market value on the date of contribution.

The Organization depreciates furnishings and equipment over its estimated useful life using the double declining balance method for financial reporting purposes, which is generally between 5 and 7 years.

#### Advertising Costs

Advertising is expensed as incurred.

#### Income Taxes

The Organization received a tax determination letter indicating that it qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, the Organization qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under section 509(a)(1). Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

The Organization's federal and state information returns are subject to possible examination by the taxing authorities until the expiration of the related statutes of limitations on those returns. In general, the federal and state information returns have a three year statute of limitations.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Expense Allocation

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional expense basis in the statement of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Due to the short-term nature of cash equivalents, prepaid expenses and other assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, their fair value approximates carrying value.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE C – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following at December 31, 2015:

Petty Cash	\$ 138
Checking accounts	316,751
Money market and savings accounts	147,499
	\$ 464,388

At December 31, 2015 the balance in the bank accounts that exceeded FDIC insurance was \$67,253.

#### NOTE D – FURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT

Major classes of furnishings and equipment consist of the following at December 31, 2015:

Furniture and equipment	\$	8,793
Less accumulated depreciation	. <u> </u>	(6,517)
	\$	2,276

Depreciation expense was \$844 dollars for the year ended December 31, 2015.

#### NOTE E – INVESTMENTS

ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value, maximizes the use of observable inputs, and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the observable inputs be used when available. The classification of assets and liabilities within the hierarchy is based on whether the inputs to the valuation methodology used for measurement are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market-derived or market-based information obtained from independent resources while unobservable inputs reflect estimates about market data.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level I: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level II: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; these include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.
- Level III: Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data available, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The following table sets forth carrying amounts and estimated fair values for financial instruments at December 31, 2015:

	-	Level I	 Level II	•	Level III	_	Total
Bank certificate of deposit	\$	85,383	\$ -	\$	-	\$	85,383
Professional Investors Security Fund I		-	-		110,000		110,000
Professional Investors Security Fund II		-	-		50,000		50,000
RPAI Endowment - Inland Property		35,448	 -		-	<b>.</b> .	35,448
	\$	120,831	\$ -	\$	160,000	\$	280,831

The following table summarizes the change in investments for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Level I	Level III			Total
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 125,439	\$	110,000	\$	235,439
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Interest and dividends	1,589		-		1,589
Depreciation in value	 (6,197)	-	-	_	(6,197)
Net change in value	 (4,608)	-	-	_	(4,608)
Contributions	3,000		50,000		53,000
Distributions	 (3,000)	-	-	_	(3,000)
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 120,831	\$	160,000	\$	280,831
Distributions	\$ (3,000)	\$		\$	(3,000)

#### NOTE F - PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED ENDOWMENT INVESTMENTS

The Organization follows the guidance in FASB ASC 958-205 in accounting for its endowment investments. The standard provides guidance on the net asset classification of donor-restricted endowment funds for a not-for-profit organization. The ASC also requires classifying the portion of a donor restricted endowment that is not classified as permanently restricted net assets as temporarily restricted net assets until appropriated for expenditure.

The Organization's endowment was established to provide funds for child sponsorship and scholarships. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Trustees to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor imposed restrictions. All endowment investments are permanently restricted as of December 31, 2015.

Changes in endowment net assets as of December 31, 2015 are as follows:

	_	Permanently Restricted
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	235,439
Interest and dividends		1,589
Depreciation in value	-	(6,197)
Net change in value	-	(4,608)
Contributions		2,000
Distributions	-	-
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$	232,831

#### Investment Return Objectives, Risk Parameters and Strategies

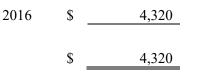
The Organization has adopted investment and spending policies, approved by the Board of Directors, for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment funds while also maintaining the purchasing power of those endowment assets over the long-term. Accordingly, the investment process seeks to achieve an after-cost total real rate of return, including investment income as well as capital appreciation. All interest and dividends from the investments are available for use by the Organization.

The Organization's endowment is invested as follows at December 31, 2015:

Bank certificate of deposit	\$ 85,383
Cash	2,000
Professional Investors Security Fund I	110,000
Stock investment	 35,448
	\$ 232,831

#### NOTE G – LEASES

The Organization leases office space and extended their lease on Feb 1, 2015 for 18 months, terminating on July 31, 2016. Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2015 was \$8,610. Future obligations under the terms of the lease are:



#### NOTE H – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through March 23, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.